

5.4 Differences in Economic Development

Question Paper

Course	CIE IGCSE Economics
Section	5. Economic Development
Topic	5.4 Differences in Economic Development
Difficulty	Medium

Time allowed: 20
Score: /11
Percentage: /100

Question 1

What is usually found in a developed country?

- A. a high GDP per head with a low level of employment
- B. a high level of labour skills with a low level of car ownership
- C. a high rate of adult literacy with a low level of poverty
- D. a high rate of population growth with a low level of labour productivity

[1 mark]

Question 2

The table shows the percentage employment in the primary, secondary and service sectors in four countries.

Which country is likely to be the **most** developed?

country	percentage employment		
	primary sector	secondary sector	service sector
A	10	35	55
B	20	60	20
C	35	35	30
D	40	40	20

[1 mark]

Question 3

What is most likely to increase as a country becomes more developed?

- A. average household income
- B. average size of family
- C. infant mortality rate
- D. the proportion of income spent on food

[1 mark]

Question 4

A developing country starts to show increases in economic growth. What is **most** likely to occur?

- A. a reduction in imports
- B. a reduction in the number of doctors per capita
- C. an increase in absolute poverty
- D. an increase in incomes

[1 mark]

Question 5

A country's minister for agriculture said

“the biggest challenge the country faces is to develop irrigation so that we are not at the mercy of the weather for crucial export earnings”.

Which type of country is this most likely to be?

- A. developed, exporting manufactured goods
- B. developed, exporting services
- C. developing, exporting primary commodities
- D. developing, exporting services

[1 mark]

Question 6

What usually happens as a developing country becomes more developed?

- A. The average age of the population falls.
- B. The fertility rate declines.
- C. The infant mortality rate increases.
- D. The primary sector expands.

[1 mark]

Question 7

The table shows the percentage employment in the primary, secondary and service sectors in four countries.

Which country is likely to be the **most** developed?

country	percentage employment		
	primary sector	secondary sector	service sector
A	10	35	55
B	20	60	20
C	35	35	30
D	40	40	20

[1 mark]

Question 8

What is a typical characteristic of a developing country?

- A. equal distribution of income and wealth
- B. good medical care
- C. high gross domestic product per head
- D. high reliance on natural resources

[1 mark]

Question 9

The table shows the percentage share of GDP held by the richest 20% and poorest 20% of the population in each country.

Which country had the greatest extremes of income and poverty?

	country	richest 20%	poorest 20%
A	Ghana	41.7%	8.4%
B	Nigeria	55.7%	4.4%
C	Senegal	48.2%	6.4%
D	South Africa	64.8%	2.9%

[1 mark]

Question 10

Which change, as a percentage of GDP, would be **unlikely** to be found in a country as it develops?

- A. an increase in average incomes and a decrease in unemployment
- B. an increase in manufacturing production and an increase in shipping services
- C. an increase in subsistence farming and a decrease in financial services
- D. an increase in tourism and a decrease in the export of agricultural products

[1 mark]

Question 11

What is found in a typical developed country?

- A. fast rate of economic growth
- B. high population growth
- C. limited use of technology
- D. significant tertiary employment

[1 mark]